InterCommunity (?) Health Network CCO

Transformation and Quality Strategy Report March 2018

Stronger, healthier, together.

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В.	Attach your CCO's consumer rights policy	
C. driv	OPTIONAL: Attach other documents relevant to the above TQS components, such as policies and procedures ver diagrams, root-cause analysis diagrams, data to support problem statement, or organizational charts	•

Section 1: Transformation and Quality Program Information

- A. CCO governance and program structure for quality and transformation:
 - i. Describe your CCO's quality program structure, including your grievance and appeal system and utilization review:

InterCommunity Health Plans serve Oregon Health Plan members in Linn, Benton and Lincoln Counties under InterCommunity Health Network-Coordinated Care Organization (IHN-CCO).

Our Quality Management Program is designed to monitor the quality of healthcare provided to all IHN-CCO members to meet the Institute for Healthcare Improvement's (IHI) Triple Aim Initiative of improving the patient experience of care, improving the health of populations and reducing the per capita cost of health care. Our Quality Management Plan and Utilization Management/Medical Management Plan are reviewed and updated annually and approved by the internal Quality Improvement Committee (QIC) and external Quality Management Committee (QMC).

The goals and objectives of the program include but are not limited to:

- 1. Maintain an effective Quality Management Program:
 - Meet or exceed the expectations and standards of Federal, State and contractual entities regarding maintaining a quality management program including an annual evaluation of the program
- 2. Ensure continual high-level member satisfaction and access to appropriate healthcare services:
 - Monitor member complaints/grievances/appeals internally on an ongoing basis to identify areas for improvement
 - Monitor member satisfaction via external agencies such as through Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers & Systems Survey (CAHPS), etc. per Federal, State and contractual requirements to identify areas for improvement
 - Implement and monitor appropriate interventions when areas for improvement in member satisfaction or access to appropriate healthcare are identified
 - Report results of monitoring member satisfaction and access to appropriate healthcare to the Quality Management Committee and to the Board of Directors as indicated but at least on a yearly basis
 - Maintain a collaborative relationship with the provider network and community entities
- 3. Develop programs and interventions to improve member health outcomes:
 - Promote preventive medical and dental services and early detection of disease through the member education and the case management programs
 - Promote self-management of chronic diseases through the member education and the case management programs
 - Monitor health outcomes on an individual basis through the case management program
 - Monitor health outcomes on an overall basis through various methods including Healthcare Effectiveness Data & Information Set (HEDIS) data, internal data, etc.
 - Meet or exceed expectations for all quality projects required by state contractual requirements
 - Report results from programs and intervention monitoring to the Quality Management Committee and the Board of Directors on at least a yearly basis or more frequently as indicated

Our Quality Management Program monitors four key areas: utilization of services, member satisfaction, clinical services (including behavioral health/mental health, dental services, prevention, chronic care improvement, maternal/ child services, case management, member health education and quality improvement projects, etc.) and various administrative services. IHN-CCO believes that the integration, monitoring and balance of findings in these areas reflect the achievement of effective and efficient health care that is high quality and cost-effective and meets the IHI's Triple Aim Initiative.

The IHN-CCO Board of Directors retains authority and accountability for all quality activities and oversees our Quality Management Program. The Quality Management Committee provides oversight to quality planning, quality monitoring and improvement activities. The Plan's Quality and Health Outcomes Manager is responsible for the daily operations of the Quality Management Program and works closely with the Chief Medical Officer, the Director of Medical Management and other managers/directors and reports indirectly to the Chief Executive Officer and directly to the Director of NCQA Accreditation.

See QMC Charter: Attachment 01. See QIC Charter: Attachment 02.

Utilization Management Program & Utilization Management Plan

The Utilization Management Program falls under the scope of our Quality Management Program. As noted above our Quality Management Committee functions as the required IHN-CCO "Utilization review oversight committee" with assistance from the QIC.

We have a Utilization Management/Medical Management Plan that is reviewed and updated annually and approved by our Quality Management Committee. It reviews over/under utilization of services; documents their findings and makes recommendations for follow up actions.

Opportunities for Improvement for 2017 include:

- The Dental Integration Subcommittee to determine actions in 2017 related to dental utilization service location
- Improvement in access to preventive/ambulatory health services for adults
- Improvement in access to primary care for children and adolescents

The Mental Health Advisory Council has discussed over/under utilization of services related to the members in need of mental health services such as a lack of adult acute care.

Creation of reports specific to the needs of the Mental Health Advisory Council were developed for discussion, planning and monitoring of compliance related to the goals that were established. The reports used for analysis included:

- 1. Utilization Trend Report
 - a. Inpatient hospitalization claims for clients serviced in ACT
- 2. Inpatient, Sub-acute, Psychiatric residential and Psychiatric day treatment
- 3. PCPCH-Behavioral Services utilization
- 4. Mental Health penetration rates

ii. Describe your CCO's organizational structure for developing and managing its quality and transformation activities (please include a description of the connection between the CCO board and CAC structure):

InterCommunity Health Network CCO (Coordinated Care Organization) was formed in 2012 by local public, private, and non-profit partners to unify health services and systems for Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid) members in Benton, Lincoln, and Linn Counties.

Our organization structure has the IHN-CCO Board of Directors which consists of many community partners and stakeholders. The Board receives various updates on quality and transformation activities via the InterCommunity Health Network CCO (IHN-CCO) Chief Executive Officer, the IHN-CCO VP, Chief Operations Officer, and the IHN-CCO Medical Director. The Chief Executive Officer also presents a Board Report back to the Community Advisory Council (CAC) at Regional CAC meetings.

The Board Members consist of:

- Samaritan Health Services CEO/President Chair of Board
- Samaritan Health Services Hospital CEO Vice Chair/Secretary/Treasury
- 2 Physicians
- 1 Dentist
- 1 Mental Health Provider (LCSW)
- 1 CAC Chairperson
- 2 Community Members
- 1 CPA
- 2 County Commissioners
- 1 County Administrative Officer

The Regional Planning Council (RPC) develops tools and strategies to transform and integrate the system of care; recommends funding needed for transformational activities; assures cross-system coordination and care transitions, and sponsors an effective quality improvement process to drive positive system change. The Regional Planning Council is co-chaired by the Samaritan Health Plans' (SHP) Chief Executive Officer and the Benton County Health Director. The CAC Chairperson attends the RPC, as well as many community partners and stakeholders.

The IHN-CCO Delivery System Transformation (DST) Committee builds on current resources and partnerships in Benton, Lincoln, and Linn counties to support, sustain, and spread Transformation efforts for the Medicaid population and pursue the Triple Aim. The DST formally reports to and takes direction from the Regional Planning Council. The DST recommends transformation projects to the RPC for funding consideration. The DST is co-chaired by the SHP Chief Operations Officer and the Executive Director for the Community Health Centers of Benton and Linn Counties. The Community Advisory Council Chairperson and the Community Advisory Council Coordinator are both members of the DST.

See Community Relationship: Attachment 03. See RPC Charter: Attachment 04. See DST Charter: Attachment 05.

Currently there is representation on the IHN-CCO Quality Improvement Committee (QIC) by the Transformation Manager, and representation from the CAC coordinator on the Quality Management Committee (QMC), of which both committees are described above in Section A. i. Additional coordination of activities will need to be developed in view of the new TQS structure.

iii. Describe how your CCO uses its community health improvement plan as part of its strategic planning process for transformation and quality:

The IHN-CCO Delivery System Transformation Committee, responsible for oversight of transformation pilot projects, has a history of using the Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) Health Impact Areas of; Access, Behavioral Health, Child Health, Chronic Disease and Prevention, and Maternal Health to inform strategic planning of transformational pilot projects.

Transformation pilot funding requests are vetted through a Request for Proposal process that includes requiring pilots to address at least one of the CHIP Health Impact Areas in order to be considered for funding.

Additionally, a CHIP workgroup has been formed that is meeting this spring to develop a proposal for how to update the CHIP. The March TQS Report will be provided to this workgroup as another potential way to align our work.

We were told by OHA (Lisa Bui) that the CHIP would not be involved with the TQS in this initial submission since it was considered that there were too many stakeholders for involvement with it. Consideration will be given for future involvement of the CHIP with the TQS with the appropriate stakeholders identified.

iv. Describe how your CCO is working with community partners (for example, health systems, clinics, community-based organizations, local public health, local mental health, local government, Tribes, early learning hubs) to advance the TQS:

IHN-CCO builds on current resources and partnerships within Benton, Lincoln, and Linn counties to outline processes and strategies to support transformation of the delivery system for the community. IHN-CCO and community partners strive to improve community health by coordinating health initiatives, seeking efficiencies through blending services and infrastructure, and engaging all stakeholders in a regional effort to ensure all individuals have equal opportunities to be healthy where they live, work, learn and play in Benton, Lincoln, and Linn counties. IHN-CCO's breadth of partnerships is displayed in the following committees.

The Delivery System Transformation Committee (DST) was developed with membership to include anyone that can positively affect the health outcomes of IHN-CCO members in Benton, Lincoln, and Linn counties. Currently partners include, Education Service Districts, Mental Health, health systems, clinics, Public Health, Early Learning Hub, Department of Human Services, physical health, social service agencies, Community Advisory Council members, oral health, and other community-based organizations. The DST oversees pilot projects that must address at least one TQS area. There are currently 19 active pilots that address 1 or more TQS areas all of which are with different community, clinical, or health system partners. See DST Pilots: Attachment 06.

The Quality Management Council (QMC) is made up of mental, physical, behavioral and dental health practicing providers or partners, health plan staff, addictions specialists, community representatives, care management personnel, and ad hoc subject matter experts as needed. QMC oversees and monitors quality improvement and performance activities of Samaritan Health Plans and Intercommunity Health Network Coordinated Care Organization.

The Quality Improvement Committee (QIC) is made up of designated Samaritan Health Plan Operations staff including the Chief Medical Officer and/or Medical Director and department representation from Quality, Appeals/Grievances, Claims, Customer Care, Customer Experience, Dental, Health Information, Medical Management, Pharmacy, Network Contracting and Strategy, Account Management, and ad hoc as applicable. The QIC's purpose is to improve quality of care and service by providing oversight, feedback and integration of data and other information across the health plan.

B. Review and approval of TQS

i. Describe your CCO's TQS process, including review, development and adaptation, and schedule:

At IHN-CCO, Transformation and Quality are operationally managed in different departments.

Our approach for developing the TQS was to begin by leveraging what we were already doing or what was already in development, and use this as our baseline.

The Transformation Manager and Quality Director collaborated with various Samaritan Health Plan departments such as Medical Management, Community Solutions and Government Affairs, Compliance, Appeals and Grievances, Account Management, Reimbursement, Health Information, and Member Provider Engagement to collaborate on the development of the various TQS components.

Part of our strategy was to take advantage of the many OHA TQS webinars and office hours looking for guidance on the expectations surrounding the development of the TQS Plan. These Technical Assistance opportunities broadened our understanding and were found to be a valuable use of our time.

Communication channels included the IHN-CCO Board of Directors, Regional Planning Council, Delivery System Transformation Committee, Health Equity Workgroup, Quality Improvement Committee, Quality Management Council, Community Advisory Council Coordinator, and the Community Advisory Council.

Project management included an introductory meeting, Q & A check-ins, working sessions, and timeline development shared with the project team. The timeline included reverse engineering of internal draft due dates, review and clarification timeframes, and the planned final submission date. See TQS Timeline: Attachment 07.

A retrospective review of the process will be conducted, this along with the anticipated OHA feedback will help inform process improvements for the September progress report.

C. OPTIONAL

i. Describe any additional CCO characteristics (for example, geographic area, membership numbers, overall CCO strategy) that are relevant to explaining the context of your TQS:

IHN-CCO currently serves approximately 74,000 members that reside in Benton, Lincoln, and Linn counties. The counties within the IHN-CCO region include a swath of area that ranges from the heart of western Oregon, through a portion of the agriculturally rich Willamette Valley and out to, and including, 60 miles of Pacific coastline, spanning 3,968 square miles. The diverse region is separated by the Coastal Mountain range which contributes to some transportation and communication challenges as a quarter of the region resides on the Oregon Pacific Coast. Over 51% of IHN-CCO members live in rural areas (38,174).

The area is predominantly white and poverty levels are high, particularly in Lincoln and Linn Counties. Latinos represent the largest minority population in the region (3,572 IHN-CCO members). Nearly 10% (6,869) of IHN-CCO members speak a household language other than English.

Specific demographics that are disproportionately impacted by disease and illness include those with mental illness and disabilities. Approximately 34% (25,282) of IHN-CCO members have been diagnosed with a mental illness with 16% (11,544) diagnosed with Severe and Persistent Mental Illness (SPMI). 9% (6,420) of IHN-CCO members have at least one disability that limits their ability to work.

IHN-CCO Member Demographic Source: OHA Dashboard January 2018

Section 2: Transformation and Quality Program Details

Component Crosswalk

Com	ponent	Com	ponent
1a.	Access: Availability of services	6a.	Health Information Technology: Health Information
			Exchange
1b.	Access: Cultural Considerations	6b.	Health Information Technology: Analytics
1c.	Access: Quality and Appropriateness of Care	6c.	Health Information Technology: Patient
	Furnished to all Members		Engagement
1d.	Access: Second Opinions	7	Integration of Care
			(physical, behavioral and dental health care)
1e.	Access: Timely	8	Patient-Centered Primary Care Home (PCPCH)
2	CLAS Standards and Provider Network	9	Severe and Persistent Mental Illness (SPMI)
3	Complaints and Grievances	10	Social Determinants of Health (SDoH)
4	Fraud, Waste and Abuse	11	Special Health Care Needs (SHCN)
5a.	Health Equity: Data	12	Utilization Review
5b.	Health Equity: Cultural Competency	13	Value-based Payment Models

Primary Component:	Access	Secondary Component:			
Additional					
Components:	pmponents: Members with complex and special health care needs.				
	Access: Cultural	Additional			
Subcomponents:	considerations	Subcomponent(s):			
B. NARRATIVE OF TH	E PROJECT OR PROGRAM	· · ·			
IHN-CCO will further e	nhance training for the health	care guide program, which is a free	service provided to members.		
IHN-CCO will establis	sh a training program aroun	d cultural considerations and imp	pacts to access for members		

IHN-CCO will establish a training program around cultural considerations and impacts to access for members with complex and special health care needs. Health care guides are available to assist members with complex health needs in accessing care. Health care guides coordinate care and engage members in shared decision-making, including development of care and treatment plans, coordinating with the interdisciplinary care team and community agencies, gaining access to services and supplies and problem-solving barriers. IHN-CCO provides materials in other languages and at 6th grade literacy level. Program staff will receive additional cultural awareness and skills training to include, but not limited to Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs), the culture of poverty, motivational interviewing and resiliency.

C. QUALITY ASSESSMENT					
Evaluation Analysis:	The health care guide program exists to reduce health disparities and ensure members with special and complex health care needs have access to dental, physical, and mental health care and other services. It is well understood that members with special needs often lack ability to navigate the complex health care system and access necessary services. Trained and skilled health care guides are able to effectively advocate for members and educate health care providers and garner access to the necessary services for members.				
D. PERFORMANCE IMPRO	OVEMENT				
-	Activity: Use evidence-based materials and established training and subject matter				<i>'</i> —
How activity will be monitored for improvement	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)

Training series developed.	Informal and on the job training exists.	Program staff become experts in advocating for	01/2019	Highly effective skilled staff advocates and	06/2019
		and improving health outcomes for members with special health care needs.		improves outcomes for members with special health care needs.	
Staff trainings completed.	Initial training to be held throughout the year as curricula developed.	Training available for health plan staff.	06/2019		

A. TQS COMPONENT(S) #1c						
Primary							
Component:	Access	Secondary Component:	Utilization review				
Additional							
Components:	Add text here.						
	Access: Quality and	Access: Quality and					
	appropriateness of care						
Subcomponents:	furnished to all members	Additional Subcomponent(s	: Add text here.				
B. NARRATIVE OF THE	PROJECT OR PROGRAM						
	efine the health care guide prog	-	-				
•	around care coordination and m	•	•				
•	health care needs. Health care	-	-				
-	Health care guides are available t	-	-				
	ding development of care and t						
care team and commu	inity agencies, gaining access to	services and supplies and p	problem-solving barriers.				
C. QUALITY ASSESSME	NT						
Evaluation Analysis:	Members with complex healt	n needs are often challenge	d with accessing appropriate				
L'unuarion / maryolor	care and resources and typica	-	••••				
	system in order to get approp	-	_				
	used to monitor and evaluate						
	members with special and cor						
D. PERFORMANCE IMP							
Activity: 1) Develop da	ata set; 2) develop processes ar	nd tools to accurately	Short-Term Activity <u>or</u>				
segment and risk strat	segment and risk stratify population to identify members with special and 🛛 Long-Term Activity						
complex health care n	complex health care needs. Develop workflow and processes to apply						
criteria and access ber	nchmarks to population. Establi	sh consensus on data					
) Data and tools are used effective	ely to monitor access,					
quality and the appropri	ateness of care.						

How activity will be	Baseline or	Target or future	Time	Benchmark or	Time
monitored for improvement	current state	state	(MM/YYYY)	future state	(MM/YYYY)
Population health data set developed to include social determinates of health.	Data exists in disparate sources.	Comprehensive population health data and risk tools identify population with special health needs.	1/2019.	Data and tools manage access for members with complex and special health needs.	6/2019.
Apply utilization criteria and tools to population health data to analyze appropriateness of care and determine access benchmarks. Establish consensus on data use with key stakeholders.	Data and tools exist. Processes and workflows must be established for data to be useful for health care team. Multiple sources and data sets must be combined.	Data and tools are used to monitor and evaluate quality and appropriateness of care. Consensus achieved from key stakeholders.	6/2019	Access and quality and appropriateness of care is demonstrated through data and reports. Reports are shared and used by the health care team to ensure quality.	12/2019
Data and UM tools are used effectively to monitor and improve quality and appropriateness of care.	Not available.	Data and tools vetted by stakeholders and effective for use.	6/2019	Effective use of data and UM tools demonstrate access to quality and appropriate care.	

A. TQS COMPONENT(S) 1d. Access-Second Opinions				
Primary Component:	Health equity and data	Secondary Component:	Access	
Additional				
Components:	Second Opinions			
		Additional		
Subcomponents:		Subcomponent(s):	Add text here.	
B. NARRATIVE OF THE PE	ROJECT OR PROGRAM			
IHN-CCO wants to know if	members requesting a second o	pinion are receiving them in a ti	mely fashion, or if they have	
an extended wait time.				
C. QUALITY ASSESSMEN	Г			
Evaluation Analysis: The denominator will be identified as all IHN-CCO members who requested a second opinion in each quarter of 2017; numerator will be those members who had to wait more than one week for a second opinion appointment during this time period. The threshold of				

		acceptable timeliness will need to be determined by benchmarking of some kind, and by using 2017 data as the baseline data for future comparison.				
D. PERFORMANCE IMP	ROVEMENT					
Activity: Track and trend	d utilization of secon	d opinions to ensure	timeliness of	Short-Term A	ctivity <u>or</u>	
requests, and to determ	ine the average leng	th of time it takes in	the process of	🛛 Long-Term Ad	ctivity	
the request being receiv	ed until a decision is	made and communi	cated to the	0	,	
member/provider.						
How activity will be	Baseline or	Target or future	Time	Benchmark or	Time	
monitored for	current state	state	(MM/YYYY)	future state	(MM/YYYY)	
improvement						
Analysis of data	Baseline	TBD	1/2017 –	TBD	Baseline rate	
			12/2017		for 2017	
Analysis of data	Current state	TBD	Quarterly,	TBD	Quarterly	
			2018			

A. TQS COMPONENT(S)	A. TQS COMPONENT(S): #2 CLAS standards and provider network; #5b Health equity and data (cultural competence)				
	CLAS standards and provider				
Primary Component:	network	Secondary Component:	Health equity and data		
Additional					
Components:					
	Health Equity: Cultural				
Subcomponents:	competence	Additional Subcomponent(s):			
B. NARRATIVE OF THE P	ROJECT OR PROGRAM				
	stem Transformation Committee				
transformation that identifies and reduces health disparities and advances health equity. The Workgroup supports the					
	of members (cultural competence		•		
Certified Traditional Heal	th Workers composition reflect n	nember diversity). Quality improv	vement focused on		

Certified Traditional Health Workers composition reflect member diversity). Quality improvement focused on eliminating racial, ethnic, linguistic, and other disparities in access, quality of care, experience of care, and outcomes is a large part of the Strategic Plan as well as supporting IHN-CCO's Community Health Needs Assessment and Community Health Improvement Plan. The National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) are accepted as a base standard for the work of the workgroup.

The Healthy Equity Workgroup developed a five-year Strategic Plan to assist IHN-CCO in meeting the culturally diverse needs of members and eliminating health disparities, including promoting a diverse workforce with an overall vision of a community where all members of IHN-CCO can meet their potential for optimum health and well-being. See Health Equity Strategic Plan: Attachment 08.

C. QUALITY ASSESSMEN	Т
Evaluation Analysis:	A person's overall health and well-being is affected by a combination of factors. With an increased awareness of how culture and language affect overall health, it is crucial that trainings and supports are in place and the workforce reflects the diversity of the region. Having a culturally responsive workforce increases member engagement and health literacy, and in turn, leads to better health outcomes.
	Cultural diversity is more than knowing the values, beliefs, practices and customs of racial classification and national origins. It also includes religious affiliation, language, physical state, gender, sexual orientation, age, disability (both physical and mental), political orientation, socio-economic status, occupational status, geographical location and more. Through education and training, the Health Equity Strategic Plan will assist IHN-CCO staff
	and providers in delivering care that is:

	Culturally	and linguistically ap	opropriate		
 Communicated clearly and effectively 					
	 Using a he 	ealth equity lens for	better health outco	mes	
D. PERFORMANCE IMPR	OVEMENT				
Activity: Develop training	-			🗆 Short-Term A	ctivity <u>or</u>
staff, IHN-CCO providers, framework.	and other commun	ity stakeholders ba	sed on the CLAS	🛛 Long-Term Ac	tivity
How activity will be	Baseline or	Target or future	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or	Time
monitored for improvement	current state	state		future state	(MM/YYYY)
Plan is developed.	No current plan.	Plan is developed.	12/2018	Plan is developed.	12/2018
Plan is approved and adopted.	No current plan.	Plan is approved and adopted.	03/2019	Plan is approved and adopted.	03/2019
Activity: Collect demogra workforce.	phic data (race, eth	nicity) on current II	HN-CCO provider	Short-Term A	· <u> </u>
Research whether demographic data is collected on IHN-CCO provider workforce.	Unknown.	Determination is in progress.	04/2018	Determination is made.	05/2018
Determine plan for data collection.	No current plan.	Plan is developed.	07/2018	Plan is developed.	07/2018
Activity: Evaluate and est on available data, may inc management, and/or oth	clude physicians, TH	arding provider dive		□ Short-Term A ⊠ Long-Term Ac	· —
Evaluation completed.	No current plan	Plan is developed.	12/2018	Plan is developed.	12/2018
Establish baseline percentage of providers by race/ethnicity and language.	Unknown	Baseline established.	03/2019	Baseline established.	03/2019

A. TQS COMPONENT(S)	A. TQS COMPONENT(S) #3							
Primary Component:	onent: Grievances and appeals Secondary Component:							
Additional	tional							
Components:	Add text here.							
	Access: Quality and	Additional						
	appropriateness of care Subcomponent(s): Timely access and Cultural							
Subcomponents: furnished to all members Availability of Services Considerations								
B. NARRATIVE OF THE P	B. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM							

Appeals and Grievances Department tracks and trends the issues that our members face when receiving health services or the lack of services from the providers. Grievance categories tracked are access, interaction with providers of IHN-CCO, consumer rights, Quality of care, quality of service, and client billing issues. Reports are run quarterly and presented to various internal committees, as well as our external Quality Management Committee, which is comprised of providers and key IHN-CCO management staff. Opportunities for improvement are currently being explored as well as the reason for the grievances. All

grievances and appeals are processed according to the "GA-01 Grievance/Complaint Policy for IHN": Attachment 09								
and "AT-02 Policy and Procedure-Appeals-IHN ": Attachment 10, which are attached.								
C. QUALITY ASSESSMEN	F		I					
Evaluation Analysis:	The analysis is pa				•			
	basis through the					•		
	reported to inter							
	analysis is also con Grievances Analysi					•		
	thousand for both		•	-	-			
	were Interaction w	-		•	-	-		
				,,,				
D. PERFORMANCE IMPR	OVEMENT							
Activity: Track, trend, ar	id analyze grievance	s according to	OHA	categories.	□ S	hort-Term Ac	tivity <u>or</u>	
					×ι	ong-Term Act	tivity	
How activity will be	Baseline or	Baseline or Target or Time Benchmark or Time						
monitored for	current state	future stat	е	(MM/YYYY)	futu	re state	(MM/YYYY)	
improvement								
Quarterly reports	Baseline	2017 rates:		12/2018	N/A		TBD	
detailing		Grievances	-					
grievance/appeals,		8.32 per 10						
presented at QIC and		Appeals: 8.	.2					
QMC meetings		per 1000						
Activity:						nort-Term Act		
						ong-Term Act		
Add text here.	Add text here.	Add text he	re.	Add text here.	Add	text here.	Add text here.	
		I		I			<u> </u>	
E. TQS COMPONENT(S):	#4 Fraud, waste, an	d abuse						
Primary Component:	Fraud, waste and		Seco	ondary Componen	t:			
Additional Components:								
_				itional				
Subcomponents:			Subo	component(s):				

F. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM

As part of IHN-CCO's compliance program integrity work, member confirmation of services (COS) letters are sent each quarter to verify services billed by providers. An internal report randomly selects 700 members, a portion of which are Spanish-speaking members. IHN-CCO creates a letter which is mailed with postage-paid return envelopes to each member on the report. The compliance team collects the returned letters and records the number of completed confirmation letters returned, and tracks response rate and number of Special Investigations Unit (SIU) referrals. The data collected and outcome of SIU investigations are shared with the IHN-CCO Compliance Officer.

G. QUALITY ASSESSMENT

Evaluation Analysis:	In 2017, 2800 COS letters were mailed to IHN-CCO members; 700 in each quarter.
	Response rates were consistently within -/+1% each quarter, with Q1 at 32%.

69 of the 2800 (2.5%) COS mailed in 2017 were Spanish-language. The response rate varied
by quarter with the highest rate, 15%, occurring in Q3 and Q4. The compliance team will
focus on increasing participation rate for Spanish-speaking members.

Of the 847 COS letters returned, 4 (0.5%) responses warranted a referral to SIU for further investigation. While no fraud, waste, or abuse was discovered in any of the referred cases, the responses provided insight on areas of the letter and/or medical billing practices which could be misinterpreted by the member.

Н. PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT

Activity: Monitor COS resp	Short-Term Ac	□ Short-Term Activity <u>or</u>			
See FWA Analysis:	🛛 Long-Term Ac	tivity			
How activity will be monitored for improvement	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)
COS response rate per quarter	32%	35%	03/2018	≥38%	03/2019
 Activity: Increase outreach See attached initia Revise current pro 	l analysis.	ing membership.		□ Short-Term Ac ⊠ Long-Term Ac	<i>i</i> <u>—</u>
How activity will be monitored for improvement	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)
Spanish-language COS response rate per quarter.	15%	≥20%	03/2018	≥25%	03/2019

A. TQS COMPONENT(S):	A. TQS COMPONENT(S): #5a Health equity and data; #10 Social determinants of health						
			Social determinants of				
Primary Component:	Health equity and data	Secondary Component:	health				
Additional							
Components:							
		Additional					
Subcomponents:		Subcomponent(s):					
B. NARRATIVE OF THE PF	ROJECT OR PROGRAM						
In order to identify the un	ique needs of our members and p	prevent consequences of health	inequity, Medical				
Management will develop	tools and reports to analyze heal	th status of sub-populations wi	thin our IHN-CCO				
population. We will begin	with Special Needs Plan (SNP) me	embers who are dually enrolled	in IHN-CCO as well as our				
Medicare Advantage Plan.	Using data and reports we will b	e able to identify determinants	of health and disparities				
among members. Populat	ion assessment and other sources	s of data will allow us to risk str	atify members into specific				
subsets to ensure we are t	targeting resources and intervent	ions to the individuals who can	most benefit from them.				
The data will include relev	ant characteristics such as access	to health care, food supply, ho	using, location of residence,				
age, race, language, gende	er, as well as disabilities, chronic o	conditions and comorbidities. The	hrough this dataset we will				
also be able to evaluate w	also be able to evaluate whether current care coordination approaches are addressing the unique health care needs of						
our SNP members and positively impacting their lives.							
C. QUALITY ASSESSMENT	C. QUALITY ASSESSMENT						
Evaluation Analysis:	While our SNP membership is a	small subset of our IHN-CCO po	pulation (approximately				
-	1,500 members) there are many	challenges in accessing accura	te and current data on this				
	population. These challenges ind						

D. PERFORMANCE IMPR Activity: Create report uti characterize SNP member	partners involved v conditions. OVEMENT lizing enrollment and ship. The report will	vith members; lag t d claims data to pro be evaluated on a	ime in claims to ge operly review and quarterly basis to	information on con t current informatic □ Short-Term Act ☑ Long-Term Act	on on chronic
determine approaches an How activity will be monitored for improvement	d interventions need Baseline or current state	ded to assist SNP m Target or future state	embership. Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)
Develop report criteria for population assessment. Establish whole person data set.	Multiple data sets and disparate sources of data without consistent criteria.	Year over year comparison reports.	07/2018	Reports are useful for identifying issues impacting health equity.	03/2019
Metrics created to measure success in interventions based on SNP population data.	Metrics and population assessment data exists, not used to assess unique issues or aspects of health equity.	SNP Model of Care (MOC) Subcommittee establishes metrics to measure the effectiveness of interventions and potential health equity barriers.	12/2018	Reports identify most effective interventions and barriers to health equity are addressed.	12/2019

A. TQS COMPONENT(S) 5-b: Cultural Competence-Interpreter Services							
Primary Component:	Primary Component: Health equity and data Secondary Component:						
Additional Components:	Interpreter Services						
		Additional					
Subcomponents: Subcomponent(s): Add text here.							
B. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM							

Samaritan Health Plans and IHN CCO ensure members' linguistic needs are met to support the management and comprehension of their health care. Samaritan Health Plans/IHN CCO contracts with certified and/or qualified interpreter services providers to deliver the largest variety of language options available, including but not limited to: spoken language other than English and sign language for the hearing or speech impaired. All interpreters are capable of translating clinical information effectively in English and the members' primary language.

Samaritan Health Plans/IHN CCO provides information on linguistic interpreter and translation service options and how to obtain services via member materials, provider manual, and public plan website. Materials are provided to and available for all members and providers.

Samaritan Health Plans/IHN CCO makes linguistic interpreter services available to its members and works with providers to ensure that services are delivered when needed. Plan provides interpretation to members when they identify that they have a need for the service.

Samaritan Health Plans requires its contracted providers to meet the requirements of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) regarding linguistic interpretation, 45 CFR 92.201.

For specific information regarding translation and interpretation services available to plan members please see the plan interpreter policy: Attachment 13 and member handbook.

C. QUALITY ASSESSME	NT							
Evaluation Analysis:	through the griev	The plan has a very low number of interpreter requests and the service has been monitored through the grievance process. One grievance was received regarding the transferring of the call to an interpreter during the entire year (2017).						
D. PERFORMANCE IMP	ROVEMENT							
Activity: Plan will develo	op a documented mo	onitoring plan for inte	rpreter and	🛛 Short-Term A	ctivity <u>or</u>			
translation services.				🗆 Long-Term Ac	tivity			
How activity will be monitored for improvement	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)			
Through our Quality Improvement Committee	Baseline	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			

of health		chnology (health information exchar	ige), #10 Social determinants
	Health information		
Primary Component:	technology	Secondary Component:	Social determinants of health
Additional			
Components:			
	HIT: Health information		
Subcomponents:	exchange	Additional Subcomponent(s):	
B. NARRATIVE OF THE	PROJECT OR PROGRAM		
IHN-CCO's Health Infor	mation Exchange (HIE), Regio	nal Health Information Collaborative	e (RHIC), is being further
		infrastructure, HealthShare, suppor	

to facilitate the flow of critical information between physical, behavioral, oral, and other care providers.

The HealthShare platform meets federal interoperability requirements enabling reliable and secure connections for Health Information Exchange provider participants. Behavioral health organizations are provided training and technical assistance to work through technological and legal barriers in sharing behavioral health data. Multiple data integration methods are provided that include online entry and bulk data upload using standard formats, such as text files, to assist providers that are less technologically enabled.

Through work with Benton, Lincoln, and Linn Counties' Behavioral Health Services, it was found that there is a range of Electronic Health Record (EHR) readiness to share information with RHIC. There are behavioral health providers able to exchange information with RHIC and others that have technological barriers. An example of IHN-CCO working with behavioral health providers is the work done with Linn County. Linn County was faced with technology barriers that prohibited information sharing. IHN-CCO designed a shared-savings contract agreement to incentivize Linn County to find an information-sharing technology solution using a standards-based approach. IHN-CCO was able to provide financial support to assist Linn County's system upgrade; the shared savings is then spent on efforts to support the exchange of behavioral health information.

Effective care coordination begins by ensuring accurate clinical information is available. RHIC collects data across the continuum of care and across its communities and presents an aggregated view of the patient to the provider at the point of care. With a whole-person view of the patient, care providers are able to coordinate care in a more seamless manner. Transitions of care are included and viewable in RHIC's patient care plans.

C. QUALITY ASSESSM	
Evaluation Analysis:	An incomplete patient health record leads to gaps in care and disruptions in continuity of care.
	Currently, there are several gaps in the HIE landscape that are being addressed through RHIC.
	These include, but are not limited to, the following:
	Technology – Previous grant funds purchased RHIC's robust technology to bridge
	systems, networks, and people to create a comprehensible care model to keep patients
	in focus always. The technology required to achieve true interoperability between
	disparate systems requires additional significant financial investment.
	Complete information set - RHIC's information foundation is built on eligibility and
	claims data to provide immediate value to care providers. This allows the patient record
	to be filled with valuable information prior to integration with all care providers.
	Inclusion of non-traditional information - Social determinants of health impact (social
	factors and physical conditions of the environment in which people are born, live, learn,
	play, work, and age) a wide range of health, functioning, and quality of life outcomes.
	These factors contribute up to 85% of a person's overall health. By developing an
	approach that integrates social determinants of health information with traditional
	health information, physical, behavioral, and oral health, RHIC can fill the gaps and
	provide a whole-person view. As well, additional social service agencies can be
	connected with the larger traditional healthcare providers.
	• Focus on the most vulnerable population - RHIC includes priority Medicaid providers
	that serve the region's most vulnerable Medicaid population, including six Patient-
	Centered Primary Care Home (PCPCH) Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC) with
	two clinics located in rural East Linn County. RHIC HIE participant services include
	physical health, oral health, childhood and adult psychiatric and behavioral health,
	alcohol and drug, wrap-around services, developmental diversity, public health, social
	services, and child and youth school-based services.
	Pursuing data rich connections on a local, state, and national level is key to supporting the
	overarching elements of TQS 6b (Health Information Technology: Analytics).
D. PERFORMANCE IM	

Activity: The Collective	•	•		□ Short-Term Activity <u>c</u>	<u>or</u>		
sharing relationships. T expansion include:	ne short and long-	term plans for info	rmation	⊠ Long-Term Activity	Long-Term Activity		
How activity will be monitored for improvement	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)		
Veterans Administration	Development in progress.	In production ingesting data from Veterans Administration.	04/2018	Data available for view by RHIC participants.	06/2018		
Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) Implementation.	Development in progress.	In production ingesting data from Oregon's Prescription Database.	06/2018	Data available for view by RHIC participants.	07/2018		
Developmental, Ages & Stages Questionnaire (ASQ), Screening Program.	Development in progress.	In production ingesting data from Early Learning Hub program partners.	04/2018	ASQ developmental screenings available in RHIC for pediatrician/primary care provider review.	07/2018		
Immunization Gap Awareness Program.	Development in progress.	In production ingesting data from existing data partners and Alert Immunization Information System (IIS).	04/2018	Data available for view by RHIC participants.	07/2018		
Evaluate the need for EDIE/PreManage Connection.	In progress.	Evaluation is completed.	07/2018	Determine next steps; if appropriate make recommendation and gain approval to moving forward to onboarding and implementation.	10/2018		
Activity: Develop social determinants of health data model in HIE			□ Short-Term Activity <u>c</u> ⊠ Long-Term Activity	or			
Evaluation of existing community data sets, technology or lack thereof around Social Determinants of Health.	In progress.	Define gaps in intake process, data sets and technology that RHIC can fulfill.	12/2018	Development work to meet gaps.	TBD		

A. TQS COMPONENT(S): #6b Health information technology (analytics and exchange), #13 Value-based payment models				
Primary Component:	Primary Component:Health informationValue-based paymentPrimary Component:technologySecondary Component:models			

Components: HIT: Analytics HIT: Health Information Subcomponents: HIT: Analytics Additional Subcomponent(s): Exchange B. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM Exchange Using our vendor's, InterSystems, powerful data platform, this project is implementing an Analytics and Reporting layer over the Regional Health Information Collaborative (RHIC), leveraged from comprehensive patient-centric Clinical Data This is crucial to assist providers in determining where they are with quality metrics, health outcomes, and patient care management. Patient data will be aggregated from all sources and providers, creating a Community Health Record (CHR) (longitudinal health record) to create the analytics models, packages and reports. The Clinical Data model is
Subcomponents:HIT: AnalyticsAdditional Subcomponent(s):ExchangeB. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAMUsing our vendor's, InterSystems, powerful data platform, this project is implementing an Analytics and Reporting layer over the Regional Health Information Collaborative (RHIC), leveraged from comprehensive patient-centric Clinical Data This is crucial to assist providers in determining where they are with quality metrics, health outcomes, and patient card management. Patient data will be aggregated from all sources and providers, creating a Community Health Record
B. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM Using our vendor's, InterSystems, powerful data platform, this project is implementing an Analytics and Reporting layer over the Regional Health Information Collaborative (RHIC), leveraged from comprehensive patient-centric Clinical Data This is crucial to assist providers in determining where they are with quality metrics, health outcomes, and patient care management. Patient data will be aggregated from all sources and providers, creating a Community Health Record
Using our vendor's, InterSystems, powerful data platform, this project is implementing an Analytics and Reporting layer over the Regional Health Information Collaborative (RHIC), leveraged from comprehensive patient-centric Clinical Data This is crucial to assist providers in determining where they are with quality metrics, health outcomes, and patient care management. Patient data will be aggregated from all sources and providers, creating a Community Health Record
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management. Patient data will be aggregated from all sources and providers, creating a Community Health Record
((HR) (longitudinal health record) to create the analytics models, nackages and reports. The (Junical Data model is
extendable to capture non-traditional information, such as social determinants of health and assist in supporting value
based payment models that align payment with health outcomes, as well as care coordination and case management.
RHIC's single-source repository provides the ability to aggregate data from multiple providers, health care, and social
service systems to support the overall goals of transformation.
C. QUALITY ASSESSMENT
Evaluation Analysis: Currently our data reporting mechanisms are not providing the insight needed to positively
impact the CCO metrics that IHN-CCO is not meeting. The data platform for robust data
modeling to support IHN-CCO providers in meeting state and federal quality metrics to effect
health outcomes will allow us to tie in future population health management tools and patien
engagement tools.
D. PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT
Activity: Qualify appropriate IHN-CCO measures and data needs.
□ Section Sec
How activity will be Baseline or Target or future Time Benchmark or Time
monitored for current state state (MM/YYYY) future state (MM/YYYY)
improvement
CCO Measures5 CCOData models built &06/2018Data Quality12/2018
identified, prioritized Measures tested. Assurance.
for data modeling have been
attributes. identified as
priority.
Remaining CCOCCO measuresData models built &01/2019Data Quality01/2019
metric data needs identified. tested. Assurance.
will be evaluated.
Activity: Assessment of provider, case management, care coordination, value-
based payment model data needs.
Assessment of No Draft assessment 12/2018 Assessments 12/2019
provider data assessments developed.
reporting needs. have been
done.
Design a solution No design Solution designed, TBD Solution TBD
based on provider exists. tested. implemented.
data reporting
assessment needs.
Assessment of case No Draft assessment 12/2018 Assessments 12/2019
management data assessments developed.
reporting needs. have been
done.
Design a solution No design Solution designed, TBD Solution TBD
based on case exists. tested.

management data reporting assessment needs.					
Assessment of care coordination data reporting needs.	No assessments have been done.	Draft assessment developed.	12/2018	Assessments completed.	12/2019
Design a solution based on care coordination data reporting assessment needs.	No design exists.	Solution designed, tested.	TBD	Solution implemented.	TBD
Assessment of value- base payment model data needs.	No assessments have been done.	Draft assessment developed.	12/2018	Assessments completed.	12/2019
Design a solution based on value-based payment model data assessment needs.	No design exists.	Solution designed, tested.	TBD	Solution implemented.	TBD

A. TQS COMPONENT(S): #6c Health information technology (patient engagement), #8 Patient-centered primary care home							
	Patient-centered primary						
Primary Component:	Health information technology	Secondary Component:	care home				
Additional							
Components:	Health equity and data						
		Additional					
Subcomponents:	HIT: Patient engagement	Subcomponent(s):					

B. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM

Using elements of Transformation and Quality Strategy components, not limited to 6a, 6b and others, engage providers via our Alternative Payment Methodology team, Provider Network/Contracting teams and others as necessary to provide CCO metric data to impact population health, and outcome based services and eventually looking at providing a patient portal access strategy will be the Regional Health Information Collaborative's (RHIC) long-term focus.

RHIC is a centralized information infrastructure in a Collective Impact Model sharing the following common agenda:

- Improve quality and efficiency of healthcare coordination and delivery for IHN-CCO members by accelerating the adoption and use of Health Information Technology (HIT) and Health Information Exchange (HIE);
- Encourage patient-centered care with connection of care providers to ensure continuity of care for every patient;
- Increase patient understanding and involvement of their care;
- Enhance communication between patients, healthcare organizations, and care providers;
- Promote national standards to guide the sharing of information and electronic data interoperability; and
- Leverage existing health information systems.

RHIC's single-source repository provides the ability to aggregate data from multiple providers, health care, and social service systems to support the overall goals of transformation. Reliable and timely data are foundational elements of transformation and support a continuum of care that integrates behavioral health, oral health, physical health, public

health, aging and disabilit the technological foundat					, ., p	
C. QUALITY ASSESSMEN	Т					
Evaluation Analysis:	the quality and effi disparate, but com state. (All efforts w	There have been many efforts to focus on bringing information together that will improve the quality and efficiency for care coordination. An opportunity exists to align these disparate, but complimentary efforts to achieve the optimal health information technology state. (All efforts will be made to incorporate patient engagement and provider engagement where applicable using data developed from TQS 6).				
D. PERFORMANCE IMPR	OVEMENT					
Activity: Evaluate and une Health Information Techr complement each other u	ology (or lack thereo	of) efforts that can a	•	□ Short-Term Act ⊠ Long-Term Acti	· —	
How activity will be monitored for improvement	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	
Identify and document current provider engagement activities; including CHIP efforts.	Currently no understanding of these activities.	Create a gap analysis to determine where we need to be on provider engagement.	07/2019	Define target for where we want to be on provider engagement near term and future.	12/2019	
Create a gap analysis to determine where we need to be on patient engagement.	Further analysis needed for planning.	Prioritize the gap findings to create action plans to address the gaps for patient engagement.	07/2019	Execute action plans to fill the gaps to increase patient engagement.	12/2019	
Identify and document current patient engagement activities; including CHIP efforts.	Currently no understanding of these activities.	Create a gap analysis to determine where we need to be on patient engagement.	07/2020	Define target for where we want to be on patient engagement near term and future.	12/2020	

A. TQS COMPONENT(S): #7 Integration of Care, #10 Social determinants of health							
	Integration of care (physical,		Social determinants of				
Primary Component:	behavioral and oral health)	Secondary Component:	health				
Additional							
Components:							
		Additional					
Subcomponents:		Subcomponent(s):					
B. NARRATIVE OF THE PE	ROJECT OR PROGRAM						
IHN-CCO is implementing	Social Determinants of Health (SI	DoH) and Adverse Childhood Ex	periences (ACEs) screening				
tools at selected well child	tools at selected well child checks in a pediatric Patient-Centered Primary Care Home with a panel of over 50% IHN-						
CCO members. Positive screens will be referred to the Community Health Worker (CHW) or social worker embedded in							
the clinic based on the results of the screening; for behavioral health, mental health, or SDoH services. The primary							
pilot goal is to improve th	e health and wellbeing of families	s who are experiencing, or who	have experienced, violence				

and trauma, and who have (Spanish and English) and s				-	-	
C. QUALITY ASSESSMENT			y speaking ramines		oviders.	
Evaluation Analysis:		n that early childhe	and adversity poses	a threat to health a	and well-being	
	can help stress the treatment for those lives, also greatly a negative impacts or improved health, in improved clinical de patient will be scree month and 24-mon connection with so is expected that the the local resources, will be used to scree screenings will ider mental health serve impact of trauma or	importance of preve e who have been ex- ffects a person's he f living in poverty. E- mproved health car lecision making, all eened for SDOH issue th well child check ocial services (SDOH is pilot will improve particularly in the een patients at all b- ntify children who h- ices. It is hoped tha	vention of this expo xposed. SDoH, the of ealth. Children are e Early detection of tr which can potentia ues at the first appo s, and yearly for ago needs) will result in the health equity by co Spanish-speaking p ehavioral health vis nave had trauma in the connection w	sity through the ACE osure and identify the circumstances in whe especially vulnerable rauma and SDoH isserved patient satisface lly reduce health can ontment (new patient es 3-12. It is expected n improved health a connecting those with copulation. The ACE sits. It is expected the their lives and connecting the satistic connecting the satistic connecting the satistic connecting the satistic connecting the satistic connecting the satistic connecting the satistic connecting the satistic connecting the sati	he need for hich a person e to the sues can lead to ortion, and hre costs. The ent visit), the 9- ed that the and wellbeing. It th needs with is screening tool hat the hect them with	
D. PERFORMANCE IMPRO	· ·					
Activity: Develop a screen Epic, the clinic's Electronic	ing tool for pediatric		integrated into	Short-Term Act	·	
How activity will be	Baseline or	Target or future	Time	 Long-Term Act Benchmark or 	Time	
monitored for	current state	state	(MM/YYYY)	future state	(MM/YYYY)	
improvement		State			(101101)	
Screening tool is developed.	No current tool.	Screening tool is developed.	03/2018	Screening tool is developed.	03/2018	
Integrate the screening tool into Epic.	No current tool.	Screening tool is integrated.	06/2018	Screening tool is integrated.	06/2018	
Activity: Develop and impl Workflow: Screening tool i to the CHW or social work patients/families who had issues identified were add	Activity: Develop and implement a clinic workflow integrating the screening tool. Integrated. Workflow: Screening tool is used at well child checks. Positive screens are referred to the CHW or social worker based on the results of the screening. Follow up the patients/families who had positive screens at various intervals to determine if the issues identified were addressed and if they believe that there has been an impact on the health and wellbeing of the child/children/family. Integrated.					
Workflow is developed.	No current workflow.	Workflow is developed.	06/2018	Workflow is developed.	06/2018	
Workflow is integrated.	No current workflow.	Workflow is integrated.	09/2018	Workflow is integrated.	09/2018	
Activity: Screen a pediatric Create and use tracking sy	cians' selected well o	child checks using t	-	Short-Term Act	· <u> </u>	
Create tracking system.	No current system.	System is created.	06/2018	System is created.	06/2018	
Implement tracking system.	No current system.	System is implemented.	09/2018	System is implemented.	09/2018	
Eligible well child checks	5,500111	pieritetteu.		picificuteu.		

Activity: Identify families in need and provide connection to resources.				□ Short-Term Activity <u>or</u> ⊠ Long-Term Activity	
Track the ACE scores of children screened.	0%	100%	09/2018	100%	09/2018
Track the families in need of the various services after the SDoH screening.	0%	100%	09/2018	100%	09/2018
Provide connection to resources for children with an ACEs score greater than 1 and children with a positive SDoH screen.	0%	50%	12/2018	80%	06/2019

A. TQS COMPONENT	(S): #9 Severe a	ind persistent m	nental illness, #1a Ac	cess, Availability of services		
Primary	Severe and pe	ersistent				
Component:	mental illness	Se	condary Component	:: Access		
Additional						
Components:						
	Access: Avail	ability of				
Subcomponents:	services	Ad	ditional Subcompor	nent(s):		
B. NARRATIVE OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM						
Registries and tracking	g for individuals	with severe an	d persistent mental	illness (SPMI) diagnosis discha	rged from Good	
•	•		•	H) services. Determine the nur		
				e population and review availa		
and capacity and deter	rmine whether	services were a	vailable and/or offe	red. Establish baseline of post	hospitalization	
service access.						
C. QUALITY ASSESSM						
Evaluation Analysis:				ng to improve health outcome		
	-			they are and ensuring access t	-	
				nation that identifies who are		
				itial to supporting their highes		
		-		s and access to recommended		
		•	•	nes for members discharged fr	•	
			••••	te type and amount of services vork together with members a		
			-	to services that best support t		
	highest level of		s and ensure access	to services that best support t		
D. PERFORMANCE IN	-					
Activity: Establish SPM		baseline. Deterr	nine criteria e.g.,	□ Short-Term Activity <u>or</u>		
SPMI diagnosis for reg				⊠ Long-Term Activity		
baseline. Determine h	•	-				
services. Determine pe	•					
How activity will be	Baseline or	Target or	Time	Benchmark or future state	Time	
monitored for	current	future state	(MM/YYYY)		(MM/YYYY)	
improvement	state					

Define SPMI	No registry	Registry	05/2018	Set targets based on registry.	07/2018
diagnosis and	exists.	complete and			
criterial for registry.		process			
		established to			
		maintain			
Dura autorita da	A	quality.	09/2018		00/2010
Run queries to	Aggregate	Clear picture of the	09/2018	County providers can identify	09/2019
identify population by county.	reports exist.	population		and track SPMI population to ensure service capacity and	
by county.	exist.	and sub-		access needs are met.	
		populations.		access needs are met.	
Establish process to	Quarterly	Review	09/2018	Accurate registry and process	12/2018
ensure accuracy of	meetings	registries at		established to continually	
registry and process	established.	quarterly		update and verify accuracy.	
for regular review		meetings.			
and maintenance.					
Activity: Identify servi	ices, set perfori	mance targets an	d monitoring	□ Short-Term Activity <u>or</u>	
system.				🗵 Long-Term Activity	
Establish services to	Establish	Based on	09/2018	Performance reports used to	01/2019
be included in	baseline	historical		identify issues and improve	
access	period	performance,		access/performance/health	
measurement. This	09/2016 -	set		outcomes.	
will be applied to	09/2017.	improvement			
the registry.	Quality	targets.			
	assurance				
	and vet				
F . I . I	data.		04/2040		04/2040
Evaluate access and	Reports are	Begin using	01/2019	Effectively monitor service,	01/2019
services with county	inconsistent	reports at		access and capacity.	
mental health	and lack sufficient	county BH			
partners.		provider			
	detail.	meetings.			

A. TQS COMPONENT(S): #10 Social determinants of health, #11 Special health care needs							
Primary Component:	Social determinants of health	Secondary Component:	Special health care needs				
Additional							
Components:							
		Additional					
Subcomponents:		Subcomponent(s):					
B. NARRATIVE OF THE P	ROJECT OR PROGRAM						
IHN-CCO convenes comm	unity Interdisciplinary Care Team	(ICT) meetings for members wi	ith special needs or who are				
experiencing a gap in care	e. Special needs may include lack	of stable housing, access to foo	d or lack of natural or				
financial supports. IHN-CO	CO Medical Management health c	are guides work with communi	ty partners and providers to				
determine if an ICT would	d benefit the member and schedu	le ICTs accordingly. ICT member	rs may consist of Medical				
Management staff (clinica	al and non-clinical), Long Term Se	rvices and Supports case manag	gers, providers from the				
medical, dental and/or be	ehavioral health discipline and oth	ner community partners suppor	ting the member. The ICT				
members work together	to develop a person-centered pla	n of support to assist a member	in addressing gaps the				
member is experiencing.							
C. QUALITY ASSESSMEN	Т						

Evaluation Analysis:	Social and health o	Social and health disparities are often associated with poor health outcomes. Further,						
		nembers with special needs require intensive care coordination to ensure they have the						
	•	access to care and services.						
D. PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT								
Activity: ICT meetings will be convened at least one time per quarter. Meetings								
will be documented thro	ugh minutes and ea	ch member will have	e a person-	⊠ Long-Term Ac	· —			
centered plan of support	completed. IHN-CC	O will be responsible	e for sharing	U U				
documentation with members of the ICT. Tracking will occur through IHN-CCO's								
How activity will be monitored for	,							
improvement								
Training around social	Training is	Awareness and	01/2019	Effective teams	06/2019			
and health disparities	informal and	knowledge of		ensure				
established.	there is	social and health		seamless and				
	inconsistent understanding	disparities inform care team in		person- centered care.				
	among care	developing						
	team members.	person-centered						
		interventions.						
Number of ICT person-	Need to	Tracking system	06/2018	Tracking system	06/2019			
centered care plans.	establish a	is established.		used to				
	tracking system.			monitor and				
				track				
				outcomes.				
Increase ICT meetings.	Need to	Interdisciplinary	06/2018	Consistent	06/2019			
	establish	Care Team meets		meetings				
	recurring	regularly.		established.				
	meetings.							

A. TQS COMPONENT(S): #11 Special health care needs						
Primary Component:	Special health care needs	Secondary Component:				
Additional						
Components:						
		Additional				
Subcomponents:		Subcomponent(s):				
B. NARRATIVE OF THE	PROJECT OR PROGRAM					

Children and adolescents who need services from multiple systems and their families often experience a lack of coordination of services and resources, multiple sometimes conflicting expectations and inefficient use of resources. The establishment of a system of care governance structure from the child and family team level through a regional executive council will increase the efficiency in the system and improved outcomes for children and their families.

Multiple child-serving systems can identify children who need intensive care coordination through the Wraparound model. Children and their families are then referred to the Wraparound process. System strengths and gaps are identified through the child and family team process and relayed to a local system of care advisory committee. The local committees address individual and system needs to their best abilities, remaining gaps are forwarded to the regional advisory council. The regional executive council works to resolve system gaps and barriers that require leadership solutions and investments.

C. QUALITY ASSESSMENT

Evaluation Analysis: D. PERFORMANCE IMPR Activity: Develop a Region	systems such as; cl primary care, men will be identifying a governance structu information source system in our regio	hild welfare, develo tal health, alcohol a and communicating ure. The Regional Sy es to strategically do on.	pmental disabilit and drug treatmen g these gaps and h ystem of Care Exe evelop and imple	rs across multiple chi ies, juvenile justice, e nt, and public health, parriers through the s ecutive Council will us ment strategies to im ⊠ Short-Term Ac	ducation, communities system of care this and other prove the ctivity <u>or</u>	
Chart: Attachment 14.				Long-Term Act		
How activity will be monitored for	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	
improvement Establish membership.	Community partners have been identified.	Invites are sent out.	02/2018	Membership established.	01/2019	
Meet at least quarterly.	First meeting 02/2018.	Determine best day or date to meet.	03/2018	Invites sent out through 2019.	04/2018	
Develop Charter.	Draft has been developed.	Charter finalized.	07/2018	Charter finalized.	07/2018	
Develop governance structure.	Draft has been developed.	Governance structure finalized.	07/2018	Governance structure finalized.	07/2018	
Activity: Barrier reporting	form.	1		 ☑ Short-Term Activity <u>or</u> □ Long-Term Activity 		
Develop and test a barrier submission form process.	Draft form in process.	Finalize form.	02/2018	Using form.	07/2018	
Activity: Trends identifyir	ng regional barriers a	nd gaps.		Short-Term Activity <u>or</u>		
Develop trend reporting process.	Draft needs to be developed.	Development of tools.	07/2018	Trend reports are submitted to the Regional Executive Council.	12/2018	
Activity: Prioritize to seek regional solutions				☐ Short-Term Activity <u>or</u> ⊠ Long-Term Activity		
Establish best practices for the region.	Waiting until Trends reporting tools are developed.	Evaluate	TBD	Implement	TBD	

A. TQS COMPONENT(S) #12						
			Severe and persistent			
Primary Component:	Utilization review	Secondary Component:	mental illness			
Additional						
Components:						

Subcomponents:		Ad	ditional Subcompone	ent(s):		
B. NARRATIVE OF THE P	ROJECT OR PROGRA	M				
IHN-CCO has a robust util of shared understanding care among the provider with Behavioral Health (B recommended care and s C. QUALITY ASSESSMEN	and consensus arou network. IHN-CCO v H) providers to esta services.	nd identification vill use evidence- blish utilization p	of SPMI population a based standards and erformance metrics	nd access t criteria and to ensure n	o quality a d work col nembers r	and appropriate laboratively eceive
Evaluation Analysis:			age the performance program evaluation.)	of provider	r network	in meeting
D. PERFORMANCE IMPR	OVEMENT					
Activity: Meta-analysis or consensus around perfor of services.					Term Activ erm Activ	·
How activity will be monitored for improvement	Baseline or current state	Target or future state	e Time (MM/YYYY)	Benchma future sta		Time (MM/YYYY)
Research, inventory and analysis. Establish governance through Behavioral Health Quality Committee.	Measures and metrics exist. There has not been a collaborative process among providers to establish utilization metrics around SPMI population, nor is there agreement on definition and criteria for SPMI population.	Consensus on measures and metrics.	12/2018	Measures metrics ir and availa use to ide populatio access to and quali appropria of care fo populatio	n place able for entify on, services ty and ateness or SPMI on.	
Metrics and utilization criteria established.	There is not consensus around metrics.	Consensus around utilization metrics.	09/2018	Consensu metrics sl appropria utilizatior services.	how ate	06/2019
Quarterly meeting with BH providers.	Meetings established.	BH providers review utilization of services for SPMI population.	09/2018	Improved outcomes through identifica populatio use of performa metrics.	s tion of on and	12/2019

A. TQS COMPONENT(S)	: #13 Value-based payment mode	ls, #8 Patient-centered prima	ry care home (PCPCH)
Primary Component:	Value-based payment models	Secondary Component:	Patient-centered primary care home
Additional			
Components:			
-		Additional	
Subcomponents:		Subcomponent(s):	
B. NARRATIVE OF THE F	PROJECT OR PROGRAM		i
(PCPCH). The breakdown Capitation Per M	ed payment model in place with 9 n of the components of the value-b lember Per Month (PMPM) + Pay f FFS) + Case Management Fees (CM	based payment models includ for Performance (PFP); 12.5%	le:
of services, and target ar arrangements either fun 50% of the agreed upon CCO shares risk by reimb are achieved. PCPCHs als designated by the OHA.	egon Health Authority (OHA) PCPC reas for potential cost control. Pay ded by additional incentives or bas quality metrics in order to gain any pursing the subcontractor the total so agree to showing proof of their 74.5% of the PCPCH's also have to e risk adjusted PMPM additional p nal services for their members, suc- visits.	for Performance agreements sed on a withhold whereby th y of the incentive pool or wit amount available if 80% of t progress made in becoming a a total cost of care metric in ayments made to PCPCH's, if	s are risk-based payment he PCPCH must meet at least hhold back, if applicable. IHN- he agreed upon quality metrics at least a 4 or 5 tier PCPCH as order to receive any of the applicable, to be used to
subcontractors, and its T includes risk-based incer in order to gain any of th available if 80% of the ag IHN-CCO has a value-bas	ed payment model in place with 1 raditional Health Worker Agency s ntive pools whereby the subcontra ie incentive pool. IHN-CCO shares is greed upon quality metrics are ach ed payment model in place with 1	subcontractors, which is a PN ctor must meet at least 50% risk by reimbursing the subco ieved. 00% of its contracted Non-Er	1PM + PFP model, which of agreed upon quality metrics ontractors the total amount nergent Transportation (NEM1
provider receives a higher achieved. If 80% of the m quarterly for that quarte IHN-CCO has a value-bas Treatment Service, and E	is a PMPM + PFP model, which inc er PMPM payment on a reconciled netrics are achieved, the NEMT pro r. ed payment model in place with 6 Day Treatment providers, which is usiness days for Day Treatment.	quarterly basis, when at leas ovider receives the maximum 0% of its contracted Child Me	st 50% of the quality metrics ar PMPM payment, reconciled ental Health Residential
IHN-CCO has a value-bas model.	ed payment model in place to rein	nburse a Palliative Care Provi	ider with is a PMPM capitation

C. QUALITY ASSESSMEN	Г
Evaluation Analysis:	Experience has shown that PCPCHs are more motivated to agree to risk-based value-based
	payment models when they have achieved a higher tier PCPCH rating. IHN-CCO will host a forum for all contracted PCPCHs and non-PCPCHs in 2018 focusing on how to become a 5
	To unit for all contracted PCPCHs and hon-PCPCHs in 2018 focusing on how to become a 5

	tier PCPCH. The pre that have achieved		s from 2 PCPCHs in	the IHN-CCO provid	der network		
	Providers have the opportunity to receive additional reimbursement or gain back withheld reimbursement when quality, and utilization performance is achieved.						
	The majority of PCPCHs must also achieve specific cost targets to receive any withheld reimbursement when quality, cost, and utilization performance is achieved.						
	Pay for Performance incentive pool budgets are based on projected IHN-CCO quality incentive pool payments received through CCO annual reporting to OHA.						
	Capitation arrangen decrease each cont						
	Motivate clinicians a cost growth, improv IHN-CCO will contin increase of capitatio voluntarily approact develop and implen	ve health care qua ue to implement a on PMPM arranger hed. IHN-CCO will	lity and population value-based risk p ments across PCPC continue to collabo	health. bayment model targe Hs, and other institu prate with all payers	eting an Itions as in Oregon to		
	concepts.						
D. PERFORMANCE IMPR		na adverse la la	hand to the				
Activity: IHN-CCO will con				Short-Term Act	· <u> </u>		
arrangements with its co		-		🛛 Long-Term Acti	ivity		
stratification criteria for o		•	-				
components where provi	ders share in the savin	ngs and the loss, if	applicable.				
How activity will be	Baseline or	Target or	Time	Benchmark or	Time		
monitored for	Baseline or current state			Benchmark or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement	current state	Target or future state	Time (MM/YYYY)	future state	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual	current state Current State: 0%	Target orfuture state100% of all	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018,	future state Performance			
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality	current state	Target or future state100% of all contracted	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018,	future state Performance will have	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where	current state Current State: 0%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and	future state Performance will have increased year	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk.	current state Current State: 0%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018,	future state Performance will have increased year over year (YoY)	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of	current state Current State: 0%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and	future state Performance will have increased year over year (YoY) on an overall	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case	current state Current State: 0%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and	future state Performance will have increased year over year (YoY)	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees	current state Current State: 0%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and	future state Performance will have increased year over year (YoY) on an overall	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments.	current state Current State: 0% met	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future state Performance will have increased year over year (YoY) on an overall PCPCH scale.	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored forimprovementQuarterly and Annualreporting on qualitymetric targets wherepayments are at risk.Annual assessment ofcurrent CaseManagement Fees(CMF) payments.Quarterly reporting on	current state Current State: 0% met Current State:	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHs	(MM/YYYY)		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP:	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receive	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk	current state Current State: 0% met Current State:	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation agreements by	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitation	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk stratification criteria.	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP: 12.5%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitationpayments with a	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk stratification criteria. Quarterly reporting on	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP: 12.5% FFS + CMF + PFP:	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation agreements by 60%.	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitationpayments with aPay for	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk stratification criteria. Quarterly reporting on model development	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP: 12.5%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation agreements by 60%.Increase	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitationpayments with aPay forPerformance	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk stratification criteria. Quarterly reporting on model development progress and	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP: 12.5% FFS + CMF + PFP: 22%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation agreements by 60%.Increase nominal risk	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitationpayments with aPay forPerformanceagreement, and	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk stratification criteria. Quarterly reporting on model development progress and negotiation status with	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP: 12.5% FFS + CMF + PFP:	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation agreements by 60%.Increase nominal risk sharing	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitationpayments with aPay forPerformanceagreement, andshared risk	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk stratification criteria. Quarterly reporting on model development progress and negotiation status with PCPCHs.	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP: 12.5% FFS + CMF + PFP: 22%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation agreements by 60%.Increase nominal risk sharing agreements by	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitationpayments with aPay forPerformanceagreement, andshared riskagreement	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		
monitored for improvement Quarterly and Annual reporting on quality metric targets where payments are at risk. Annual assessment of current Case Management Fees (CMF) payments. Quarterly reporting on progress made in adapting risk stratification criteria. Quarterly reporting on model development progress and negotiation status with	current state Current State: 0% met Current State: PMPM + PFP: 12.5% FFS + CMF + PFP: 22%	Target or future state100% of all contractedPCPCH's meet at least 65% of overall performance.Increase capitation agreements by 60%.Increase nominal risk sharing	Time (MM/YYYY) 04/2018, 07/2018, 10/2018, and 04/2019	future statePerformancewill haveincreased yearover year (YoY)on an overallPCPCH scale.70% of PCPCHswill receivecapitationpayments with aPay forPerformanceagreement, andshared risk	(MM/YYYY) 01/2019		

CCO: InterCommunity Health Network CCO

payment model			
outcomes.			